Family Links Conference March 14, 2022

Navigating The world of Assistive Technology (AT)

Devices, Support and Services









Utah Center for Assistive Technology (UCAT)

Presentation Outline:

- 1. Overview of the Utah Center for Assistive Technology (UCAT)
- 2. Overview of the Utah Assistive Technology Teams (UATT)
- 3. Other resources for Assistive Technology across the state
- 4. Important areas to discuss.
- 5. Show and tell

Kent Remund M.S, ATP, CRC

OPTIONS for Independence

AT Specialist
 1997 - 2001

Utah Center for Assistive Technology

Shop guy/AT specialist
 2001 - 2008

Utah Center for Assistive Technology

UCAT Director/AT Specialist
 2008 - 2014

Utah Center for Assistive Technology

UATT Project Director/ AT Specialist
 2014 - 2020

Utah Center for Assistive Technology

UCAT Director/AT Specialist
 2020 - Present

Assistive Technology... What Is It, Exactly?

- AT has two parts
 - AT Devices and
 - AT Services
- Let's define them.....

Boring Definition

An AT device is any item, piece of equipment or product system, whether acquired commercially off-the-shelf, modified, or custom-made that is used to increase, maintain, or improve functional capabilities of individuals with disabilities. i.e.,

"Stuff"

Tech Act Amendments of 1994

Types of Assistive Technology

- Level of technology
 - High
 - Medium
 - Low

Rule of Thumb

Cost follows level of technology

Other Boring Definition

An AT service is any service that directly assists an individual with a disability [or family member or caregiver] in the selection, acquisition, or use of an AT device.

a.k.a.

"Help with Stuff"

Tech Act Amendments of 1994

Key Point

- Often people only think of the device forgetting the professional services needed to assure best match of device and requirements.
- Result is waste of resources with abandonment of AT devices.
- 30% of all AT is not used. (JAN 2007)

What is UCAT?

- Central "Hub" of Utah's AT Program
 - Demo/loan bank
 - Hands-on computer center
 - Heavy-duty shop
 - Eight assessment experts



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Utah Assistive Technology Teams



FAPE

Students with disabilities sometimes need and are entitled to special equipment and services to ensure that they have access to a free and appropriate public education (FAPE)

On a case-by-case basis, the use of school-purchased assistive technology devices in a child's home or in other settings is required if the child's IEP Team determines that the child needs access to those devices in order to receive FAPE.

IDEA Sec. 300.105



Utah Assistive Technology Teams



30 Teams serve students throughout Utah

Utah Assistive Technology Teams

"In order to support the inclusion and participation of students with disabilities in regular education classrooms, all IEPs developed for children identified as needing special education services, must indicate that AT has been considered to "provide meaningful access to the general curriculum." (IDEA, 1997).



			/our School/District				SpEd 6a1 05.08
			four City				Spila 081 03.00
				ividualized Education	Program (IEP)		
			Student	Birthdate		Date of IEP	
			Classification		Grade		
IEP Consid	eration		Services needed to advance tows G = General education class, S = Special Special education services (e.g. reading	al education class including recomp., math calc., social skills Location G G S O	source, O = Other, D = s) Amount of Time	is in the general cu	M = Monthly
			•Related services (if required for student to	benefit from special educatio	n)		
	The IEP team considered the following special	facto	rs:] — [
IDEA legislati	Behavioral strategies for the student whose behavior impedes his or her learning or that of others.		No strategies needed	Strategies addressed to the USOE Special			
_	Language needs for the limited English proficient student. No action needed Needs addressed in IEP					100 000000	
consideration technology (raille instruction for the student who is blind or visually impaired. No Braille instruction needed Braille instruction addressed on IEP on Braille instruction needs or this student, No communication needs (Communication needs addressed in IEP and if this is a student who is deaf or hard of hearing, Onsider their language and communication mode as well as their special communication needs.				on behalf		
Individualize	Assistive technology devices and services for the student without them, would not benefit from special education.	it who,	☐ No assistive technology nee	eded	chnology address	sed in IEP	
lan to supp	Assistive technology access needed in the home	in ord	Except for special education class	unies and others noted above			
participation	in his/her		PE, extra-curricular and non-academic activexplain).	ities to the same extent as no	n-disabled students, or	other exceptions (sp	pecify and
least restrictivenvironment.	e learning		Participation in Statewide and District-win If the IEP team determines that the assessment of student achievement, include the particular alternate assessment selected	student must take an alternat a a statement of why the stude	e assessment to a par ent cannot participate in		
			The IEP team considered the following	special factors:			
	Behavioral strategies for the student whose behavior No strategies needed Impedes his or her learning or that of others. In the USCE Special Education LRBI Guidelin						
			Language needs for the limited English proficier Braille instruction for the student who is blind or				ressed on IEP
			Communication needs for this student, and if this is a student who is deaf or hard of her consider their language and communication mo other special communication needs.	☐ No cor aring,	mmunication needs		
			Assistive technology devices and services for the without them, would not benefit from special edu	ucation.			addressed in IEP
			 Assistive technology access needed in 	the home in order to receive FAP	E? QYes QN	lo QN/A	

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AT Consideration

AREA – Academics:	Need AT? ☐ Yes ☐ No					
Reading:	Use of pictures/symbols with text; talking electronic devices to speak challenging					
Reading:	words; audio books; electronic books; use of electronic text-to-speech software					
	Graphic organizer; word processor with spell checker; word predictions; electronic					
	spell checker/dictionary; adapted paper; alternative writing utensils (including grips);					
Written Expression:	talking word processor; slant board; prewritten words/phrases on cards or pocket					
	charts; voice recognition software					
	Abacus, number line; software for object manipulation; calculator; with/without					
Math:	large keys/display/voice output; special paper for number alignment; enlarged math					
	sheets; grid paper; manipulatives					
	Print/picture schedule; aids to find materials (color coding); electronic organizer;					
Executive Functions,						
Learning/Study:	books; smart pen					
AREA – Sensory:	Need AT? Yes No					
Hearing:	Signaling device; closed captioning; loop system; FM system (personal or classroom)					
	Magnifier, screen magnifier; screen color contrast; braille materials; braille					
Vision:	translation; enlarged or braille labels for keyboard; enlarged materials; alternate					
	color text/background; talking word processor; large cursor; enlarged books					
	Weighted vest/blanket/ etc.*; movement cushion; specialized seating; fidget toys;					
Tactile/Movement:	chew toys					
	*Consult Occupational Therapist to ensure safe implementation					
AREA – Communication:	Need AT? Yes No					
Expressive/Receptive/Functional:	Communication board with pictures/words/letters/objects; eye gaze frame; voice					
	output device; scanning board; repetitive /predictable books					
AREA – Physical Access:	Need AT? 🔲 Yes 🔲 No					
	Appliance controls; battery operated toys/learning aids; key-guard; alternative					
Environmental Control:	keyboard; word prediction; track ball/joystick/head mouse; switch scanning; on					
Environmental control.	screen keyboard; adaptive switches; adapted eating/drinking/dressing/hygiene tools					
	alternative access software					
	Non-slip surface on chair; cushion; footrest; adapted or alternate chair; custom					
Positioning/Mobility/Seating:	seating system; stander; positioning aids; hand/arm support; lap tray; walker; grab					
	bars/rails; wheelchair; crutches; parallel bars					
AREA – Computer Access:	Need AT? Yes No					
	Touch screen; adapted mouse, joystick, trackball; key guard; head mouse;					
Computer Access:	switch/switch adapter; switch with scanning; on-screen keyboard; text to speech;					
bompater recessi	word prediction; on-screen keyboard; alternative keyboard; speech recognition;					
	touch pad; evegaze					
	Adapted from Payson Unified School District #10					

Assistive Technology Resources Across Utah

- Utah Center for Assistive Technology (Vocational Rehabilitation)
- Utah Assistive Technology Teams
- **Utah Independent Living Centers**
- Division of Services for People with Disabilities
- <u>Utah Assistive Technology Program (Logan, Uinta Basin)</u>
 - •Refurbished mobility devices Customized devices Small grants Low interest loans

UCAT Continued

- Evaluation of needs
- Help with device selection
- Custom device fabrication or mod
- Trial of various PC access devices
- Home- and jobsite assessments
- Trial loan of devices
- Assess voice-input aptitude
- Funding advice

Demo/Loan Bank

- Library of devices a client can check out for a trial at home
- Assessment process narrows the choices to the one that seems best
- Client tries it at home for up to a month
- Once success is demonstrated, we can recommend purchase with confidence

What Can AT Do?

- Restore functional capabilities
- Mitigate the impact of a disability
- Increase independence
- Enhance the education process
- Aid an individual to become more employable or possibility of advancement.

What does "AT" look like?

- AT can be sorted into 7 general types
 - based on the primary function
- These aren't chiseled in stone
 - Some may fit into more than one
- Let's look at the categories

Types of Technology

- Augmentative alternative communication (AAC) devices
- · Aids to daily living
- Electronic aids to daily living (EADL)
- Alternative PC access devices
- Seating and positioning aids
- Ramps and lifts
- Mobility aids

Let's look briefly at each of them

AAC Devices

- Allow non-verbal people to communicate
- Low to high tech solutions







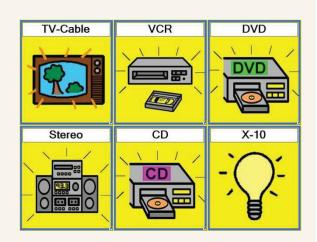
Aids to Daily Living

- Help with many basic tasks
 - Pen and pencil holders
 - Bent-handled eating utensils
 - High-backed plates
 - Sock-donning aids
 - Reachers and grabbers
 - Memory aids (PDA, Cell phones)



Electronic Aids to Daily Living

- Turn on and off lights
- Control the environment
- Temperature
- Phone calls
- Alexa/Google Home/Siri



Alternative Computer/Tablet Access

- Various non-traditional ways to access a device
 - Trackball
 - Glide pad
 - Joystick
 - Single- & dual-switch scanning
 - On-screen keyboard
 - Voice-input technology
 - Alternative mounting of controls







Seating and Positioning Aids

- Various ways to ensure posture is the best it can be
 - Specialized cushions
 - Customized head supports
 - Customized torso supports
 - Transfer benches



Ramps and Lifts

 Essentially, these are ways for people with mobility impairments to move to different

levels in a building

- Stair glide
- Platform lift
- Porch lift
- Ceiling lift
- Entry ramp





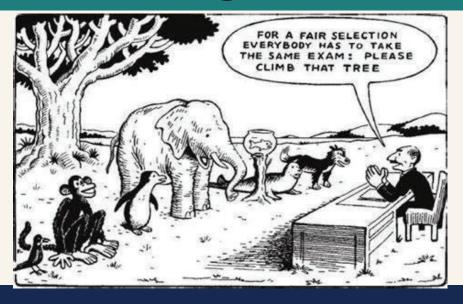
Mobility Aids

- Canes
 - conventional
 - four-footed
- Walkers
 - No-wheeled
 - 2-wheeled
 - 4-wheeled
- Wheelchairs
 - manual
 - Powered





Universal Design for Learning



Universal Design for Learning

- Read&Write for Google
- Microsoft word
- Google Docs "Tools" tab > Voice typing
- Grammarly Chrome extension
- PC computers/ Apple Computers
- Cell phones and tablets

Transitioning Into Adulthood

- Utah Board of Education
- Utah Parent Center
- Vocational Rehabilitation
- Division of Services for People with Disabilities
- Many others





















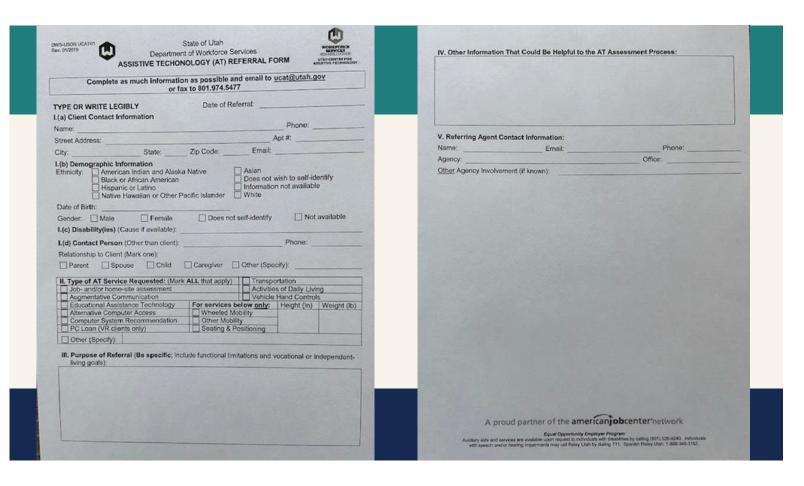
Adaptive Bike Trailer





How to Refer Someone to Us





Questions?



If you think of something later, call or write: 801.887.9531 or kremund@utah.gov